46

Rioganakita-Fioludoyama stalibrosansi* Sayama Lake Sayama Lake Siyang Cirio avenue Kalinkitada | Tama Urban Monoral Tachigava

Noyamakita-Rokudoyama Park

Administrator Seibu/Sayama Hills Partners

Location Musashimurayama City, Honmachi 3/5/6 -chome, Mitsugi 3/4/5 -chome, Kishi 2/3/4/5 -chome, Mizuho Cho Ishihata, Tonogaya, Takane, Hanegasaki, Komagata Fujisan.

Contact Information
 Noyamakita-Rokudoyama Park Administration Office (tel: 042-531-2325 4-2 Mitsugi, Musashi-Murayama-shi 208-0032)

Transport 10-minute walk from Yokota, Choenji, Mine or Kishi bus stop on Tachikawa Bus for Hakonegasaki or Mitsufuji from Tachikawa (JR Chuo line). 10-minute walk from Yokota, Choenji, Mine or Shimin-Sogo-Taiikukan-iriquchi bus stop on

Musashi-Murayama city circle route bus for Mitsuqi-Chiku-Kaikan from Kamikitadai (Tama Urban Monorail).

Parking lot (8 locations, 199 spots, 12 handicap spot)

Located on the western edge of Sayama Natural Park, this park has dense green woods in a greatly varying landscape. In this largest metropolitan park, many people including park volunteers work to develop its environment. The park can be enjoyed by wide range of generation through nature watching, events to experience the woods, and hiking to enjoy each season.

Woods and valley

Much of the park is covered with eciduous trees such as konara oak, sawtooth oak, and storax. Seasonal changes begin in early spring, when the mountainside glows a yellowish-green color as early varieties of violets and dogtooth violets begin to bloom, followed by the first green of April. The park becomes a layground for Japanese rhinoceros beetles, butterflies, and frogs in the summer. By autumn, the leaves turn yellow and eventually defoliate in winter leaving a forest ideal for bird watching. Spring water from the hills is drawn into the valley to create rice paddies and a land-scape dotted by swamps that serve as the habitat for various life



Opened / June 1, 1988 Area / 2,028,838.81 m²

Main plants / Japanese red pine, storax, sawtooth oak, konara oak, fir, clethraceae, dogtooth violet, disporum smilacinum Facilities / Country house, play forest, adventure forest, observation lookout dec, sunset playground equipment field



Miyanoiri valley

Countryside experience area

Miyanoiri valley has been developed as a countryside experience area and many park volunteers work on rice paddies and crop fields, maintenance of forests, and organizing various events. The base for those activities is the country house recreated based on

actual Edo era houses found in the Sayama Hills area. A main house with four asymmetrical rooms as well as a warehouse, work shed, and storeroom have been constructed and are used to learn about and experience country life. In addition to its use for various events, the house



Rhacophorus schlegelii

provides hikers to Miyanoiri valley a place where they can relax and forget the time.

Making scenery with flowers

Areas where mountain flowers such as cardiocrinum and salvia grow are preserved. Enjoy the flower the bloom in each season.



Cardiocrinum



Salvia



Country house



Volunteer activity

Play forest

In the woods at the east end of the park are 24 sets of wooden playground equipment named for creatures of the forest. Children can play on those to their hearts' content in the forest.



Play forest

Adventure forest

The adventure forest at the east end of the park has an observation lookout deck, wooden playground equipment, and more. One can take a 60-meter stroll in the sky on the observation lookout deck to observe the forest from a birds view.



Adventure forest